EXAMS DAILY

Mathematical Operation

Under this type of problem, usually mathematical symbol are converted into another form by either interchanging the symbol or using different symbol in place of usual symbol and then calculate the equation according to the given condition.

- **EXAMPLE** 1. If '+' stands for division, 'x' stands for addition, '-' stands for multiplication, and ' \div ' stands for subtraction, then which of the following equation is correct? (a) $36 \times 6 + 7 \div 2 - 6 = 20$ (b) $36 + 6 - 3 \times 5 \div 3 = 24$ (c) $36 + 6 + 3 \times 5 - 3 = 45$ (d) $36 - 6 + 3 \times 5 \div 3 = 74$ **Sol.** (d) $36 \times 6 \div 3 + 5 - 3$ $\Rightarrow 36 \times 2 + 5 - 3 = 74$ **EXAMPLE** 2. If P denotes '+', Q denotes '-' R denotes '×' and S denotes ' \div ' then, which of the following statement is correct?
 - (a) $16 \text{ R} \ 12 \text{ P} \ 49 \text{ S} \ 7 \ Q9 = 200$ (b) $328889 = 160Q \ 12R \ 12$
 - (c) 8R8P8S8Q = 57
- (d) 36R4S8Q7P4 = 10
- **Sol.** (c) 8R8P8S8Q= $8 \times 8 + 8 \div 8 - 8$
 - $= 8 \times 8 + \frac{8}{8} 8$

$$= 64 + 1 - 8 = 57$$

- **EXAMPLE** 3. Select correct combination of mathematical sign to replace '*' sign to balance the equation. 9* 4* 22 *14 (a) x = -(b) \times - = $(c) = - \times$ (d) - \times = Sol. (b) 9* 4* 22 *14 $9 \times 4 - 22 = 14$ **EXAMPLE**4. \rightarrow means is 'bigger the second \rightarrow means is 'smaller than') \rightarrow means is 'equal to' $\times \rightarrow$ means 'plus'
 - $= \rightarrow$ means 'minus' d

If a \square c and b × d \bigcirc c, then (a) d 🗌 a (b) $a \bigcirc d$ (c) b \Box c (d) $d \triangle a$ (d) a > c and b + d = cSol. \Rightarrow a > b + d and this is true only if, d < a. ⇒d а **EXAMPLE** 5. Given interchange: sign '+' and '-' and numbers 5 and 8. Which of the following is correct? (a) 82-35+55=2(b) 82-35 + 55 = 102(c) 85-38 + 85 = 132(d) 52-35+55 = 7252 + 38 - 88 = 2Sol. (a) **EXERCISE** If '+' means '-' '-' means ' \times ' ' \div ' means '+' 1. and '×' means ' \div ' then $10 \times 5 \div 3 - 2 + 3 = ?$ (a) 5 (b) 21 (c) $\frac{53}{3}$ (d) 18 If '+' means ' \div ', '-' means ' \times ', ' \div ' means '+' 2. and ' \times ' means '-' then 63 \times 24 + 8 \div 4 + 2 - 3 =? (a) 54 (b) 66 (c) 186 (d) 48 3. Which one of the following is correct? 6*4*9*15 (a) $\times, =, -(b) \times, -, = (c) =, \times, -(d) -, \times, =$ 4. If $> = \div$, $V = X_{,} < = +$, $\Lambda = -, + = <$, X = =, - =(a) $6 > 2 > 3 \land 8 \lor 4 + 13$ (b) $6 \land 2 < 3 > 8 < 4 - 13$ (c) $6 \vee 2 < 3 \land 8 > 4 \times 13$ (d) $6 > 2 \lor 3 < 8 \land 4 \div 13$ 5. Find out the correct answer for the unsolved the basis of the given equations. 1, 8 * 7 = 169, 10 * 7 = 211, then 993 (c) 678 (d) 845 for division, '+' for multiplication btraction and 'x' for addition.

> Which one of the following equation is correct? (a) $6 \div 20 \times 12 + 7 - 1 = 70$ (b) $6 + 20 - 20 \div 7 \times 1 = 62$

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	(c) 6-20÷12×7+1=57		(a) 684 (b) 816 (c) 916 (d) 1564
	(d) $6 + 20-20 \div 7-1=38$	13.	$dc \times f$ - (bf- d) × d is equal to
7.	In an imaginary mathematical operation '+'		(a) abb (b) abe (c) bce (d) bcf
	means multiplication, 'x' means subtraction,	14.	baf + fg –(ca \times h/be) is equal to
	'÷' means addition and '-' means division. All		(a) 141 (b) 145 (c) 151 (d) 161
	other rules in mathematical operation are the	15.	baf + bf \times d is equal to
	same as in the existing system.		(a) df (b) cb (c) bc (d) d
	Which one of the following gives the result of	16.	In the following question, some relationship
	$175-25 \div 5 + 20 \times 3 + 10 = ?$		have been expressed through symbols which
	(a) 160 (b) 2370 (c) 77 (d) 240		are
8.	If L stands for +, M stands for, -, N stands \times , P		\times = greater than θ = not less than
	stands for \div , then 14 N 10 L 42 P 2 M 8 =?		$\dot{z} = \text{less than}$ $\beta = \text{not greater than}$
	(a) 153 (b) 216 (c) 248 (d) 251		$+ =$ equal to $\phi =$ not equal to
9.	It being given that: > denotes $+$, <denotes <math="">-, $+$</denotes>		then A θ B × C implies
2.	denotes \div , - denotes =, = denotes 'less than'		(a) $B\theta C$ (b) $A \div C$ (c) $A \varphi C$ (d) BBC
	and \times denotes 'greater than'. Find which of the	17.	If the given interchanges namely: signs + and
	following is a correct statement.		÷ and numbers 2 and 4 are made in signs and
	(a) $3 + 2 > 4 = 9 + 3 < 2$		numbers, which one of the following four
	(b) $3 > 2 > 4 = 18 + 3 < 1$		equations would be correct?
	(c) $3 > 2 < 4 \times 8 + 4 < 2$		(a) $2 + 4 \div 3 = 3$ (b) $4 + 2 \div 6 = 1.5$
	(d) $3 + 2 < 4 \times 9 + 3 < 3$		(c) $4 \div 2 + 3 = 4$ (d) $2 + 4 \div 6 = 8$
10.	If '-'stand for addition, '+' stands for	18.	If L denotes \times , M denotes \div , P denotes $+$ and
101	subtraction, \div stands for multiplication and	101	Q denotes -, than 8 P 36 M 6 Q 6 M 2 L 3 =?
	'×' stands for division then which one of the		
	following equations is correct?		(a) $\frac{13}{6}$ (b) $-\frac{1}{6}$ (c) $14\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 5
	(a) $25 \times 5 \div 20-27 + 7=120$	19.	If \times stands for 'addition', $<$ for 'substraction',
	(b) $25 + 5 \times 26 - 27 + 7 = 128$		+ stands for 'division', > for 'multiplication', -
	(c) $25+5-20+27 \times 7 = 95$, stands for 'equal to', \div for 'greater than' and
	(d) $25-5+20 \times 27 \div 7 = 100$		= stands for 'less than', state which of the
11.	If '×' stands for addition', '<' for substraction,		following is true?
	+ for division, > for multiplication, - for 'equal		(a) $3 \times 2 < 4 \div 16 > 2 \div 4$
	to' \div for 'greater than' and '=' for 'less than',		(b) $5 > 2 + 2 = 10 < 4 \times 2$
	then state which of the following is true?		(c) $3 \times 4 > 2 - 9 + 3 < 3$
	(a) $3 \times 4 > 2 - 9 + 3 < 3$		(d) $5 \times 3 < 7 \div 8 + 4 \times 1$
	(b) $5 \times 3 < 7 \div 8 + 4 \times 1$	20.	If '20-10' means 200, '8 \div 4' means 12, '6 \times
	(c) $5 > 2 + 2 = 10 < 4 \times 8$		2' means 4 and '12 + 3' means 4, then
	(d) $3 \times 2 < 4 \div 16 > 2 + 4$		$100 - 10 \times 1000 \div 1000 + 100 \times 10 = ?$
DIRE	CTIONS (Qs.12 - 15): In an imaginary	21.	(a) 1090 (b) 0 (c) 1900 (d) 20
language, the digit, 0, 1,2, 3, 4,5, 6, 7, 5 and 9 are			If '+' means ' \times ', '-' means ' \div '; ' \times ' means '-'
substituted by a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i and j. And 10 is			and ' \div ' means ' $+$ ' then 9 + 8 \div 8 - 4 \times 9 = ?
	n as ba.		(a) 26 (b) 17 (c) 65 (d) 11
12.	$(cd + ef) \times be is equal to$	22.	If ' \div ' means ' $+$ ', ' $-$ ' means ' \times '; ' $+$ ' means ' \div '
			and '×' means '-' then $20 \div 12 \times 4 + 8 - 6 = ?$
D		2	

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23.	(a) $8\frac{2}{3}$ (b) 29 (c) 32 (d) 26 If \rightarrow stands for 'addition' \leftarrow stands for 'subtraction' \uparrow stands for 'division; \downarrow , stands for multiplication' \land stands for equal to then which of the following alternatives is correct? (a) $7 \leftarrow 43 \uparrow 6 \downarrow 1 \land 4$ (b) $3 \downarrow 6 \uparrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \leftarrow 6 \land 5$	2	29.	 (c) 5 7 8 6 3 (d) 5 8 3 6 7 If '-' stands for '+', '+'stands for 'x', 'x', stands for '-'then which one of the following is not correct ? (a) 22 + 7-3 × 9= 148 (b) 33 × 5 - 10 + 20 = 228 (c) 7 + 28 - 3 × 52 = 127 (d) 44 - 0 + 6 + 11 - 87
24.	(c) $5 \rightarrow 7 \leftarrow 3 \uparrow 2 \nearrow 5$ (d) $2 \downarrow 5 \leftarrow 6 \rightarrow 2 \cancel{7}6$ If 'x' Stands for 'addition' '<' for subtraction' '+' for division'> for multiplication' '-' for equal to' '+' for greater than and '-' for less than' state which of the following is true.?	3	30.	(d) $44 - 9 + 6 \times 11 = 87$ Some equations are solved on the basis of a certain system. Find the correct answer for the unsolved equation on that basis. $5 \times 6 - 35,8 \times 44 = 28,6 \times 8 = ?$ (a) 46 (b) 34 (c) 23 (d) 38
	(a) $3 \times 4 > 2 - 9 + 3 < 3$ (b) $5 \times 3 < 7 = 8 + 4 > 1$ (c) $5 > 2 + 2 = 10 < 4 \times 8$ (d) $3 \times 2 < 4 \div 16 > 2 + 4$	3	31.	Select the correct combination of mathematical signs to replace * signs and to balance the following equation. $12 \times 3 \times 4=6 \times 8 \times 8$ (a) +, ×,-, ^ (b) ×, +, -, ×
25.	If \div means $+$ – means \div × means - and + means × then $\frac{(36\times4)-8\times4}{4+8\times2+16+1} = ?$ (a) 0 (b) 8 (c) 12 (d) 16	3	32.	(a) $+, -, -, -$ (b) $-, +, -, -$ (c) $\times, +, \times, -$ (d) $\times, -, \times, +$ Which of the following interchange of signs would the equation correct? $6 \times 4 + 2 = 16$
26.	If \times means +,- means \times , \div means + and + means - then (3 -15 \div 19) \times 8 +6 =? (a) -1 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) 8		33.	(a) + and \times ,2&4(b) + and \times , 4&6(c) + and \times , 2&6(d) +and \times ,3&4Select the correct combination of
27.	(a) -1 (b) 2 (c) -4 (d) -6 If + means \div , - means \times , \times means + and \div means - then 90+ 18 - 6 \times 30 \div 4 =? (a) 64 (b) 65 (c) 56 (d) 48			mathematical sings to replace the * sings and to balance the following equation. (45*3*6)*6*15
28.	Given below are numbers in the first line and symbols in the second line. Numbers and symbols are code for each other. Choose the correct code for given symbols. $1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6\ 7\ 8\ 9$ $+ - \times \div \neq \uparrow \rightarrow \square \beta$ Which number can be decoded from the following: (a) 5\ 8\ 6\ 3\ 7 (b) 5\ 6\ 8\ 7\ 3	3	34.	(a) $+ \times \div =$ (b) $+ \div \times =$ (c) $+ \times - =$ (d) $\div \times \div =$ Select the correct combination of mathematical sings to replace * sings and to balance the following equation: $8 * 5 * 10 * 2 * 25$ (a) $+ \times \div -$ (b) $+ \div - =$ (c) $\times + = \times$ (d) $\times - = \times$
	ANSWER	KEY	4	(c) 8 (a) 12 (b) 16 (a) 20 (b)
1 2		(d) (d)	21 22	(c) 25 (a) 29 (c) 33 (d) (b) 26 (b) 30 (a) 34 (c)

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(c)

11

(c)

(b)

3

7

31

(c)

(c)

3

(b)

23

(d)

27

19

(b)

15



HINTS & EXPLANATIONS

1.

(a)

$+ \Rightarrow -$	$\rightarrow \times$				
$\div \Rightarrow +$	$\times \Rightarrow \div$				
$10 \times 5 \div 3 - 2 + 3 = ?$					
or $?= 10 \div 5 + 3 \times 2-3$?					
or $? = 2 + 6 - 3 = 5$					

2.

3. (b) $6 \times 4 - 9 = 15$

4.

(c)							
$\Rightarrow \div$	$\lor \Rightarrow \times$	$\langle \Rightarrow +$	$- \Rightarrow >$				
$^{\wedge} \Rightarrow -$	$+ \Rightarrow <$	$\times \Rightarrow <$					

 $6 \times 2 + 3 - 8 \div 4 = 13$ $6 \times 2 + 3 - 2 = 13$ 12 + 3 - 2 = 1315 - 2 = 13

- 5. (a) $6 \times 5 = 30$, $30 \times 3 + 1 = 91$, $8 \times 7 = 56$, $56 \times 3 + 1 = 169$, $10 \times 7 = 70$, $70 \times 3 + 1 = 211$ Similarly $11 \times 10 = 110$, $110 \times 3 + 1 = 331$
- 6.

7.

(a)

$$\begin{array}{c}
 -\Rightarrow \div, +\Rightarrow \times \\
 \div \Rightarrow -, \times \Rightarrow +
\end{array}$$
Option (a) : 6 ÷ 20 × 12 +7-1 =70

L.H.S. =
$$6-20+12 \times 7 \div 1$$

$$= 6-20+84$$

$$= 90-20 = 70 \text{ R. H.S.}$$

$$(c)$$

$$+\Rightarrow \times, \times \Rightarrow -$$

$$\div \Rightarrow +, -\Rightarrow \div$$

Given expression $\rightarrow 175 - 25 \div 5 + 20 \times$ 3 + 10 After conversion $\Rightarrow 175 \div 25 \div$ $5 \times 20 - 3 \times 10$ =7+100-30= 77 (a) Using the proper signs, we get Given expression = $14 \times 10 + 42 \div 2$ -8 = 140 + 21 - 8 = 153(c) Using proper notations, we have: (a) Given statement is $3 \div 2 + 4 < 9 \div 3 - 2$ or $\frac{11}{2} < 1$ not true. (b) $3 + 2 + 4 < 18 \div 3 - 1$ or 9 < 5, which is not true. (c) $3 + 2 - 4 > 8 \div 4 - 2$ or 5 | 1 > 0, which is true (d) $3 \div 2 - 4 > 9 \div 3 - 3 \text{ or} -\frac{5}{2} > 0$, which is not true. Solve by options, we can check all the options one by one. $25 \div 5 \times 20 + 27 - 7 \Rightarrow 5 \times 20 + 27 - 7 \Rightarrow$ $100 + 27 - 7\ 120 = 120$ (c) Using the proper notations in (c), we get the statement as:- $5\times 2\div 2<10-4+8$ or, $5 \times 1 < 18 - 4$ or $5 < 12 \rightarrow$ which is true. (b) Using the, correct symbols, we have Given expression = $(23 + 45) \times 12$ $= 68 \times 12 = 816.$ (c) Given expression = $32 \times 5 - (15 - 3)$ $\times 3$

$$= 160 - 12 \times 3$$

$$= 160 - 36$$

$$= 124 = bce$$

14. (c) Given expression = 105+ $56-(20\times7/14)$ = 105+56-10

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8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.



= 151

- 15. (b) Given expression $=105 \div 15 \times 3$ $=7 \times 3 - 21 = cb$
- 16. (a) $A\theta B \times C$ $A\theta B; B \times C$ $\therefore A \ge B; B > C$ Hence, option (a) implies the given equation.
- 17. (d) Interchanging (+ and ÷) and (2 and 4), we get:
 (1) 4 ÷ 2 + 3 = 3 or 5 = 3, which is false
 (2) 2 ÷ 4 + 6= 1.5 or 6.5 = 1.5, which is

false. 10

- (3) 2+4+3=4 or $\frac{10}{3}=4$, which is false.
- (4) $4 \div 2 + 6 = 8$ or 8 = 8, which is true.
- 18. (d) Using the correct symbols, we have: Given expression = $8 + 36 \div 6 - 6 \div 2 \times 3$ = $8+6-3 \times 3 = 5$
- 19. (b) Using the proper notations in (2), we get the statement as $5 \times 2 \div 2 < 10 4 + 2$ or 5<8, which is true.
- 20. (b) Since, $20 \times 10 = 200$, therefore, means $\times 8 + 4 = 12$, therefore, \div means + 6-2=4, therefore, \times means - and $12 \div$ 3 = 4, therefore, + means \div Now, given expression = $100 \times 10 - 1000 + 1000 \div 100 - 10$ =1000 - 1000 + 10 - 10 = 0
- 21. (c) $9 \times 8 + 8 \div 4 9 = 65$
- 22. (b) $20 + 12 4 + 8 \times 6 = 29$
- 23. (d) Using the proper notations in (4) we get the statement as $2 \times 5-6 + 2 = 6$ or 10-6+2=6 or 6=6, which is true.
- 24. (c) Using the proper notations in (3), we get the statement as $5 \times 2 \div 2 < 6$ or 10 - 6 + 2 = 6 or 6 = 6, which is true
- 25. (a) Using the correct symbols, we have Given expression

$$=\frac{(36-4)\div 8-4}{4\times 8-2\times 16+1}$$
$$=\frac{32\div 8-4}{32-32+1}$$
$$=\frac{4-4}{0+1}=0$$

- 26. (b) Using the correct symbols, we have. Given expression = (3 × 15+19) ÷ 8-6 = 64÷8 − 6 = 8 − 6 = 2.
 27. (c) 90 ÷ 18 × 6 + 30 − 4 = 56
 - (a)

28.

Decoded as $\rightarrow 5$ 8 63 7

29. (c) By options -

(a)
$$22 \times 7 + 3 - 9 = 148$$

 $154 + 3 - 9$
 $157 - 9 = 148$ (correct)
(b) $33 - 5 + 10 \times 20 = 228$
 $33 - 5 + 200$
 $200 + 33 - 5$
 $233 - 5 = 228$ (correct)
(c) $7 \times 28 + 3 - 52 = 127$
 $196 + 3 - 52$
 $199 - 52 = 147$ (incorrect)
(d) $44 + 9 \times 6 - 11 = 87$
 $44 + 54 - 11$

98 - 11 = 87 (correct)

5 *
$$6/2 = 3$$
 5
8 * $4/2 = 2$ 8
6 * $8/2 = 4$ 6
31. (c) By options,

(a)
$$12 + 3 \times 4 = 6 - 8 \times 8$$

 $12 + 12 = 6 - 64$

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5



24 = 58 (incorrect) :: 58>24(b) 12 × 3 + 4 = 6-8 × 8 36 + 4 = 6-64 40=58 (incorrect) :: 58>48(c) 12 × 3+4=6 × 8-8 36 + 4 = 48-8 40 = 40 (correct) (d) $12 \times 3-4 = 6 \times 8 + 8$ 36-4 = 48 + 8 32 = 56 (incorrect) $\therefore 56 > 32$ 32. (b) $4 + 6 \times 2 = 16$ 33. (d) $(45 \div 3 \times 6) \div 6 = 15$ 34. (c) $8 \times 5 + 10 = 2 \times 25$ 50 = 50



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