प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक कि 17 डिसेंबर, 2017 BOOKLET No.

300149

प्रश्नपुस्तिका-III

संच क्र.



**U10** 

पेपर क्र. - 2 कृषि अभियांत्रिकी

एकूण प्रश्न : 100

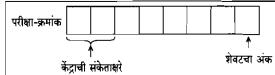
एकूण गुण : 200

वेळ: 1 (एक) तास

## सूचना

(1) सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.

(2) आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा.



- (3) वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.
- (4) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकिरता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
- (5) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालिता पुढील प्रश्नांकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
- (6) उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.
- (7) प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील''.

# ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपयंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपयंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरिवणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनिधकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरूद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुश्तिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर पहा

सूचनेबिना हे सील उघडू

पर्यवेक्षकांच्या

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

1.		In drying, causes movement of moisture from inside of kernel to the surface.									
	(1)	vapour pre	ssure gra	dient	<b>(2)</b>	temperatu	re gradier	nt			
	(3)		<del>-</del>		(4)	None of th	e above				
2.		dry bulb to st air are eq	-		-		_	temperature of			
	(1)	zero	(2)	10	(3)	50	(4)	100			
3.	The electrical resistance of grain depends upon										
	(1)	(1) grain compaction									
	(2)	grain temp	erature								
	(3)	moisture p	resent in	grain							
	(4)	All of the a	bove								
4.	The shape of a lemon fruit is classified as spheroid.										
	(1)	oblate	<b>(2)</b>	prolate	(3)	ovate	(4)	obovate			
5.	The angle of repose with an increase in the moisture content of food materials.										
	(1)	increases									
	<b>(2)</b>	decreases									
	(3)										
	(4)	remains ur	nchanged								
6.	In F	In Rheology, the Maxwell model is represented as									
	(1)	dashpot		•							
	(2)	spring		•							
	(3)	spring and	dashpot	in parallel	•						
	(4)	spring and				·					
7.	The	economical	spacing o	f roof trusses	work ou	 ıt to be		of span.			
		$\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{5}$	-	$\frac{1}{6}$ to $\frac{1}{8}$				_			

8.		is especially useful for re	moving	lightweight infertile seeds from seed				
	stoc	k and hence improves seed germin	ation.	•				
	(1)	Screen cleaner	<b>(2)</b>	Specific gravity separator				
	(3)	Spiral separator	(4)	Indented cylinder separator				
9.	In a	ir screen cleaners, for cleaning of r	ound sh	aped grains, are used.				
	(1)	top screen round holes and bottom	m screen	slotted holes				
	<b>(2)</b>	top screen slotted holes and botto	m scree	n round holes				
	(3)	top screen triangular holes and b	ottom sc	reen slotted holes				
	(4)	top screen slotted holes and botto	m scree	n triangular holes				
10.	The	hammer mill is assumed to reduce	e size by	-				
	(1)	Impact	(2)	Compression				
	(3)	Shearing	(4)	Crushing				
11.	Majority of HTST pasteurizers use heat exchangers with sections for							
	regenerative heating, heating and cooling.							
	(1)	plate type	(2)	double pipe				
	(3)	shell and tubes	(4)	shell and coil				
12.	Fan	laws state that the pressure devel	loped by	a centrifugal pump varies as				
	<b>(1)</b>	its rotational speed						
	<b>(2)</b>	square of rotational speed						
	(3)	cube of rotational speed						
	(4)	independent on its rotational spe	ed					
13.	Pla	nck's law can be used for estimation	n of					
	(1)	Time of freezing	(2)	Time of drying				
	(3)	Time of boiling	(4)	Time of germination				
14.		e amount of heat conducted across t time for unit change in temperate		ea and unit thickness of a material in				
	(1)	Enthalpy	(2)	Specific heat				
			(4)	Thermal conductivity				
	(3)	Thermal diffusivity	(4)					

A		3		310
15.		permits early harvest of crops.		
	(1)	Storage	<b>(2)</b>	Cooling
	(3)	Drying	<b>(4)</b>	None of the above
16.	The	value of dry basis moisture content is	 3	the wet basis moisture content.
	<b>(1)</b>	less than	<b>(2)</b>	equal to
	(3)	more than	<b>(4)</b>	None of the above
17.		properties may be defined	as	those which affect the behaviour of
	agri	cultural material under applied force.	•	
	<b>(1)</b>	Thermal		
	<b>(2)</b>	Mechanical		
	(3)	Rheological		
	<b>(4</b> )	None of the above		
18.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	flow of material under action of appli Rheological Mechanical Thermal None of the above		ence which deals with the deformation orces.
1 <b>9.</b>		separates materials on the stituents.	ne ba	asis of difference in length of various
	(1)	Air-screen cleaner		
	(2)	Specific gravity separator		
	(3)	Disk separator		
	(4)	Spiral separator		
 20.			- ctiva	te which would otherwise lead
	-	uality reduction in processed food.		
	to q (1) (3)	enzymes yeast	(2) (4)	micro-organisms insects

21.	Win	nd speeds increase with height. Wind speeds have traditionally been measured at
	a st	andard height of where they are found to be greater, than
	clos	e to the surface.
	<b>(1)</b>	5·0 metres; 10 to 20%
	<b>(2)</b>	7·0 metres; 15 to 25%
	(3)	10·0 metres; 20 to 25%
	(4)	8·0 metres; 15 to 20%
22.	The	best suited material for the construction of transformer core is
	<b>(1)</b>	Silicon steel
	(2)	Hard steel
	(3)	Wrought iron
	(4)	Copper
		ile conducting a short-circuit test on a transformer, the following side is rt-circuited:
	(1)	High voltage side
	<b>(2)</b>	Low voltage side
	(3)	Primary side
	(4)	Secondary side
24.		is one of the low cost fences that is widely used for confining diary cattle.
	<b>(1</b> )	Barbed wire fence
	<b>(2</b> )	Plain wire fence
	(3)	Welded wire fence
	(4)	Electric fence
25.	The	core of a transformer is made up of laminations in order to
	<b>(1)</b>	Reduce hysteresis loss
	<b>(2)</b>	Reduce eddy current loss
	(3)	Reduce copper loss
	(4)	Reduce hysteresis and eddy current losses
		शाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

26.	The	most widely used ma	iterial of a solar cell i							
	(1)	Arsenic	(2)	Aluminium						
	(3)	Silicon	(4)	Steel						
27.	As	air moves across the	surface of the Earth,	its speed and direction changes by the						
	loca	l topography as well a	as by							
	(1)	local heating								
	<b>(2)</b>	local cooling								
	(3) Both (1) and (2)									
	<b>(4</b> )	None of the above								
28.	Regarding testing of a transformer, the following statements are made:									
	a.	a. Open circuit and short circuit tests can determine efficiency only.								
	b.	o. Open circuit and short circuit tests are simple to conduct.								
	c. Power required to carry out open circuit and short circuit tests is very large compared with full-load output of a transformer.									
	d. Direct loading method can also be used to determine efficiency and regulation of a transformer.									
	Out of the above, following statement/s is/are true:									
	. (1)	a, b and d only	(2)	a and d only						
	(3)	b, c and d only	(4)	b and d only						
29.	Biogas consists of									
	(1)	(1) Only methane								
	<b>(2)</b>	Methane and $\mathrm{CO}_2$ v	vith same impurities							
	(3)	A special organic ga	as							
	(4)	None of the above								
30.	In t	his type of energy cor	version system, it wi	ll have a cut-in speed, rated speed and						
	cut-	out speed.								
	<b>(1)</b>	Solar	(2)	OTEC						
	(3)	Wind	(4)	Thermal						
_ कच्च्य	ा कामार	ताठी जागा / SPACE FOR	ROUGH WORK	P.T.O.						

31.	The compressive strength of concrete us							s in the range of	
	<b>(1)</b>	300 - 700  kg	/cm <sup>2</sup>		(2)	300 - 700  N/s	m-m <sup>2</sup>		
	(3)	30-70  kg/cr	$n^2$		(4)	100 - 500 N/s	m-m <sup>2</sup>		
32.	500	0 kg/sq.m. Wl	nat sha		h of m			aring pressure of aving 4000 kg of	
	<b>(1</b> )	0·4 m	Ü		(2)	0·8 m			
	(3)	0·12 m			(4)	None of the a	bove		
33.				nich is a mixtu other filling m			ns and	resins, pigments,	
	(1)	-	(2)	Hindaleum	(3)	Magnesite	(4)	Dolomite	
34.	Use of steel trusses is economical when it is used for spans greater than								
	(1)	12 m	(2)	8 m	(3)	16 m	(4)	20 m	
35.	In shallow foundations, if the wall rests directly on foundation concrete without ar step, it is called								
	(1) Spread footing			<b>(2</b> )	Swallow foot	ing			
	(3)	RCC pier			(4)	Simple footing	ıg		
36.	Which equation is used to estimate the velocity of flow through a channel in designing grass waterways?								
	<b>(1)</b>	Rancer's equ	ation		(2)	Israelson equ	ation		
	(3)	Rational equ	ation		(4)	Manning's ed	luation	ı	
37.	In the following formula, 'x' is used to compute which parameter?								
		$\mathbf{x} = 1.3$	$3 \times \frac{1008}{\text{VI}}$	<u>S</u>					
	whe	ere, S = Slo	pe of la	and in percent					
		VI= Ve	rtical ii	nterval in metr	es				
	<b>(1</b> )	Total carthw	ork per	hectare					
	<b>(2</b> )	Total length	of bund	l per hectare					
	(3)	_		tween two cons	ecutive	e contour bund	.s		

(4) Horizontal interval between two consecutive graded bunds

- **38.** Which one of the following is **not** a type of bench terrace?
  - (1) Level

- (2) Inwardly slopping
- (3) Outwardly slopping
- (4) Along contour
- 39. Kinetic Energy of a rainfall storm is determined by which equation where unit of K.E. is m-tonnes/ha-cm?

where, I = rainfall intensity, cm/hr

(1) K.E. =  $\frac{\text{EI}_{30} \times \text{I}_{30}}{100}$ 

- (2) K.E. =  $210.3 + 89 \log (I)$
- (3) K.E. = 210.3 + 89 ln (I)
- (4) K.E. =  $\frac{1}{2}$ R I<sup>2</sup>

- 40. Erosivity is defined as
  - (1) Capacity of wind to cause erosion
  - (2) Capacity of rain to cause erosion
  - (3) Vulnerability of soil susceptible for erosion
  - (4) None of the above
- 41. Which of the following formulae is used to design peak rate of runoff for spillway of a permanent gully control structure?
  - (1)  $Q = 0.0138 \text{ H}^{3/2}$

- (2)  $Q = 1.80 L H^{3/2}$
- (3)  $Q = 0.61 \times 10^{-3} \text{ a}\sqrt{2gh}$
- (4)  $Q = 1.77 L H^{3/2}$
- 42. The slope length factor L, in the universal soil loss equation is determined by using the equation
  - (1)  $L = \left(\frac{\lambda}{72.6}\right)^m$

(2)  $L = \frac{0.43 + 0.30s + 0.43s^2}{6.613}$ 

(3)  $L = \frac{2keI_{30}}{100}$ 

- (4)  $L = 0.0195(\tau c)^{0.77} (s)^{-0.385}$
- 43. He was the first man who discovered that an electromotive force (emf) is generated in a conductor when the conductor is cut by magnetic lines of force (flux).
  - (1) Faraday
- (2) Newton
- (3) Einstein
- (4) Pascal

44.		=			_	ms of movem the following		soil part	ticles is
	(1)	Gully erosion		• ,	(2)	Rill erosion			
	(3)	Wind erosion	l		(4)	None of the a	bove		
45.		at will be the voe is 3%?	ertical	interval be	etween two	consecutive co	ontour	bunds if t	he land
	(1)	0·90 m	(2)	0·30 m	(3)	3·00 m	(4)	1·20 m	
46.	Whi	ch one of the f	ollowin	g is <i>not</i> a p	permanent	gully control s	tructu	re?	
	(1)	Drop spillwa	y		(2)	Chute spillwa	ay		
	(3)	Drop inlet sp	illway		(4)	Brushwood d	am		
47.		erosion which	result	s in the for	m of unifo	rm removal of	soil fro	om land su	ırface is
	<b>(1)</b>	Splash erosio	n		(2)	Sheet erosion	L		
	(3)	Rill erosion			(4)	Gully erosion			
48.		ase of streams ne stream.	, streaı	m bank ero	sion gener	ally takes plac	e on th	ne	side
	(1)	convex	<b>(2)</b>	concave	(3)	downstream	(4)	top	
49.	The damaging effect of floods depends on their supercriticality which is measured by the Froude number (Fr).								
	The	flow is said to	be sup	ercritical, i	if				
	(1)	Fr < 1	(2)	$\mathbf{Fr} = 1$	(3)	Fr > 1	(4)	$Fr \leq 1$	
50.	Thr	eshold rainfall	is defi	ned as					
	(1)	Cumulative 1			iation of ru	ınoff	٠		
	(2)	Cumulative r		of storm					
	(3) (4)	Total daily ra  None of the a							
	( <del>4</del> )		ibove —						
<b>51.</b>	Whi	ich one of the f	ollowin	g is <b>not</b> an		Rainwater Har		g techniqu	e ?
	<b>(1)</b>	Rock fracturi	•			blast techniqu			_
	(3)	Afforestation	l		(4) Cons	truction of jack	ket aro	und the w	ell

**52.** Apron type Rainwater Harvesting consists of treating the catchment area for maximum runoff. Which formula is used to compute the designed area to be aproned for the given water requirement?

Where  $A = Area (m^2)$ , b = 1.13 constant, U = Annual requirement (ltrs) and P = Average annual precipitation (mm).

$$(1) \quad A = b \left(\frac{P}{U}\right)$$

(2) 
$$A = b \times P \times U$$

(3) 
$$A = b \left( \frac{U}{P} \right)$$

$$(4) \quad A = \frac{P \times U}{b}$$

**53.** A rectangular farm pond has the following dimensions:

a. 
$$Length = 10 m$$

b. Width 
$$= 5 \text{ m}$$

c. Depth = 
$$1 \text{ m}$$

If it is totally filled in, what will the volume be in litres?

(2) 500

(4) 50,000

**54.** A farm pond has the following specifications:

a. Bottom surface = 
$$5 \times 5$$
 m

b. Depth = 
$$5 \text{ m}$$

c. Side slopes = 1 H : 1 V

(on all the sides)

What will the size of the top of the farm pond be?

- (1)  $10 \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ m}$
- (2)  $20 \text{ m} \times 20 \text{ m}$
- $(3) \quad 15 \text{ m} \times 15 \text{ m}$
- (4)  $20 \text{ m} \times 10 \text{ m}$

**55.** Which of the following equations is used for water balance studies of a watershed (using conventional notations)?

(1) 
$$P = R + E + \Delta S = \Delta Sg$$

(2) 
$$P = R + ET + U + \Delta S + \Delta Sg$$

(3) 
$$P = R + ET + U + \Delta S$$

(4) None of the above

<b>56</b> .	Which one of the following options cannot be included in the concept of watershed
	development?

- (1) Construction of major dams
- (2) Optimal management of land water resources
- (3) Socio-economic and institutional development
- (4) Biodiversity protection

#### **57.** Delineation of a watershed is an exercise of

- (1) Area wise delineation
- (2) Land use wise delineation
- (3) Topographically drainage stream wise delineation
- (4) None of the above

58. Which of the following formulae is used to design the diameter of the inlet pipe in a Drop Inlet Type spillway, which is a permanent gully control structure, where the outlet is not submerged?

(1)  $Q = a \cdot cd \sqrt{2 gh}$ 

(2)  $Q = a \times V$ 

 $(3) \quad Q = \frac{\text{CIA}}{360}$ 

(4) None of the above

**59.** Out of different biological measures used to control erosion in a watershed, which one of the following is **not** a biological measure?

- (1) Contour strip cropping
- (2) Mixed cropping
- (3) Buffer strip cropping
- (4) Field strip cropping

**60.** Which of the following types of farm ponds should be selected where ground water table rise is within a few metres from the ground surface?

- (1) Embankment type
- (2) Dugout type
- (3) Polythene lined dugout type
- (4) Cement concrete lined embankment type

**61.** Which one of the following options is **not** a geomorphological characteristic of a watershed?

- (1) Total area of watershed
- (2) Circulatory ratio

(3) Form factor

(4) Compaction factor

**62.** If,

A = Area of pond at G.L. (m<sup>2</sup>)

B = Area of pond at middle (m<sup>2</sup>)

C = Area of pond at bottom (m<sup>2</sup>)

V = Volume of pond (m<sup>3</sup>)

D = Average depth of pond (m),

which of the following relations is used to find the volume of the farm pond in m<sup>3</sup>?

$$(1) \quad V = \left(\frac{A + 4B + C}{6}\right) \times D$$

(2) 
$$V = \left(\frac{A + 2B + C}{6}\right) \times D$$

(3) 
$$V = \left(\frac{A+B+C}{3}\right) \times D$$

- (4) None of the above
- **63.** Triangular V-notch (90° triangular weir) is a simple flow measuring instrument used for evaluation of watershed development programme.

Which is the discharge formula for this instrument?

- (1)  $Q = 0.0138 \text{ H}^{3/2}$
- (2)  $Q = 0.0184 \text{ H}^{3/2}$
- (3)  $Q = 0.0138 LH^{3/2}$
- (4)  $Q = 0.0138 H^{5/2}$
- 64. For land use planning, land capability classification maps are prepared.

Which type of land capability class the area demarked with green colour represent?

(1) Class I

(2) Class II

(3) Class VI

- (4) Class VIII
- 65. The surface of a channel which is in contact with water is called
  - (1) Hydraulic radius
  - (2) Wetted perimeter
  - (3) Wetted area
  - (4) None of the above

- 66. The drainage density of any catchment/watershed varies inversely with the
  - (1) area of the basin
  - (2) length of the basin
  - (3) width of the basin
  - (4) average depth of the basin
- 67. The type of flow in which the fluid characteristics like velocity, pressure, density, etc. at a point do not change with time, is called
  - (1) Steady flow

(2) Unsteady flow

(3) Uniform flow

- (4) Non-uniform flow
- **68.** Velocity head is the pressure, expressed in metres of water, required to create the velocity of flow, is expressed as
  - (1)  $H_v = \sqrt{2gd}$

 $(2) \quad \mathbf{H}_v = \frac{v^2}{2\mathbf{g}}$ 

(3)  $H_v = \left(\frac{v^2}{2g}\right)^2$ 

 $(4) \quad \mathbf{H}_v = \frac{\mathbf{p}}{\mathbf{w}}$ 

 $69. q = k_d H^x$ 

where

q = emitter flow rate in lph

H = working pressure head at emitter, m

k = discharge coefficient

x =emitter discharge exponent

In this equation, the lower value of 'x' denotes

- (1) the discharge will be less affected by variations in pressure
- (2) the discharge will be more affected by variations in pressure
- (3) there will not be any influence of variations in pressure on discharge
- (4) None of the above

70. Infiltration rate of any soil is generally expressed by the following form of equation of equations of the solution of the
--

 $(1) \quad y = mx + c$ 

(2)  $y = at_{\Lambda} + b$ 

(3)  $y = at^{\alpha} + b$ 

 $(4) \quad y^2 = 4ax + c$ 

# 71. The typical characteristic curves of a centrifugal pump show the relationship amongst

a. Discharge

b. Total head

c. Brake horse power

d. Efficiency

#### Answer options:

(1) a, b and c

(2) a, b and d

(3) b, c and d

(4) a, b, c and d

#### 72. A canal aligned at right angles to the contours is a

(1) Watershed canal

(2) Contour canal

(3) Side slope canal

(4) Distributory canal

#### 73. The criteria for judging the performance of outlets or modules are

a. Flexibility

b. Proportionality

c. Sensitivity

d. Uniformity

e. Setting

#### Answer options:

(1) a, b, c and d only

(2) a, b, c and e only

(3) a, b, d and e only

(4) b, c, d and e only

### 74. The bedding system of surface drainage is mostly used for

- a. Flat soils
- b. Steep slopy soils
- c. Poorly drained soils with low permeability
- d. Sandy soils with high permeability

#### Answer options:

- (1) a and b only
- (2) c and d only
- (3) a and c only
- (4) b and d only

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	a. b.	to facilitate					منصله مطا				
		to prevent t swer options	_	or son part	icies	IIILO	me dram.				
	(1)	a only	(2) b	only	(3)	Both	n a and b	(4)	Nor	e of the	above
76.		6 hectare cat harge of	chment	area havin	gad	lraina	age coefficier	nt of	2.40	cm, wil	ll yield a
	(1)	100 lit/sec	(2)	10 lit/sec	-	(3)	10 m <sup>3</sup> /hr		(4)	0·01 m <sup>5</sup>	<sup>3</sup> /sec
77.		ich one of the	followir	ng formulae	is us	sed to	design drai	n spa	 acing	under i	unsteady
	(1)	Dupit-Forch	heimer			(2)	Ernst				
	(3)	Hooghoudt				(4)	Glover-Dur	nm			
<b>78.</b>		ich of the fol	_	operations	requi	res n	noving large	qua	ıntiti	es of ea	rth over
	a.	Rough grad	ing			b.	Land levell	ing			
	c.	Land smoot	hening	-		d.	Land plann	ing			
	Answer options:										
	(1)	a only	(2)	b only		(3)	a and b onl	y	(4)	All of tl	ne above
<del></del>	Whi	ich of the foll	owing sta	atements is	true	?					
	(1)	Specific yie	d + Spec	cific retention	on = I	Poros	ity				
	(2)	Specific rete	ention –	Specific yie	ld = I	Poros	ity				
	(3)	Porosity + S	Specific y	rield = Spec	ific re	eten <b>t</b> i	on				
	(4)	Porosity + S	•	•							
80.	The	recommend	ed safe	limits of l	and	slope	(longitudin	al sl	lope,	%) for	efficient
		gation for hea				•	Ü		•		
	(1)	0·05 to 0·20				(2)	0·25 to 0·65	5			
	(3)	0.65 to 1.00				(4)	0·20 to 0·40				
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81.	Hig	h speed engines have engine spe	ed	rpm.					
	<b>(1)</b>	less than 350	(2)	350 - 750					
	(3)	750 – 1000	<b>(4</b> )	greater than 1000					
82.	An	engine is considered to be better	, when it p	produces the highest cranksh	aft torque				
	at			·					
	<b>(1)</b>	Rated engine speed							
	(2)	Maximum power							
	(3)	Less than rated engine speed							
	<b>(4</b> )	More than rated engine speed	*	,					
83.	The	compression ratio of diesel engin	nes are in	the order of					
	<b>(1)</b>	4 to 8:1	(2)	8 to 14:1	÷				
	(3)	14 to 20 : 1	(4)	1 to 4:1					
84.	The fuel which should be used for easy starting of an engine in cold weather is								
	<b>(1)</b>	Diesel	(2)	Kerosene					
	(3)	Methanol	<b>(4</b> )	Petrol					
85.	The power developed by an average pair of bullocks is about								
	(1)	7500 watts	(2)	750 watts					
	(3)	75000 watts	<b>(4</b> )	75 watts	•				
86.	A co	old spark plug has							
	<b>(1)</b>	A short insulator	(2)	A long insulator					
	(3)	Small threads	(4)	Big threads					
87.		drawbar power output is alwa	-		_				
	because of in the drive train between the engine and the wheels.								
	<b>(1)</b>	drive wheel slippage							
	(2)	tractor rolling resistance							
	(3)	friction losses							
	(4)	All of the above							
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88.	The	component parts of	a single drop st	eering	system consists	s of the	following parts :			
	a.	Radius rod, drag lin	nk and steering	wheel						
	b.	Drop arm, drag lin	k and tie rod							
	c.	Radius rod, tie rod	and drop arm							
	d.	Drag link, radius r	od and drop arı	n						
	Whi	ich of the above state	ements is/are tr	ue?						
	<b>(1)</b>	a, c and d only		<b>(2)</b>	a only					
	(3)	b only		(4)	c only					
89.	A ge	ear reduction unit be	tween different	tial and	drive wheels o	f a tra	ctor is referred to			
	(1)	Final drive		(2)	Gear unit					
	(3)	Ultimate power sys	stem	(4)	None of the a	bove				
90.	Whe	en the tractor is takin	ng a turn, the i	nner ar	d outer wheels	shoul	d			
	(1) Rotate at the same speed									
	(2) Rotate at slower and faster speeds respectively									
	(3) Rotate at faster and slower speeds respectively									
	(4) Rotate at any speed									
91.	Whi	ch type/s of dynamo	meter/s has/ha	ve to ab	sorb energy to	meası	are PTO power of			
	the tractor?				- 0.		•			
	a.	Prony brake		b.	Hydraulic					
	c.	Electrical generator	r	d.	Eddy current					
	Ans	wer options:								
	(1)	a only		<b>(2)</b>	a and b only		-			
	(3)	a, b and d only		(4)	All of the abo	ve				
92.	_	are the usef	ul devices used	for lev	elling which a	re fab	ricated by village			
	arti	sans.								
	a.	Buck scraper	b. Float	c.	Planks	d.	Bund former			
	Ans	wer options:								
	(1)	a and b only (2)	a, b and d	(3)	a only	(4)	All of the above			
93.	An i	implement that is ful	lly supported by	y the tr	actor is	-				
	(1)	Trailed implement	ŕ	<b>(2)</b>	Mounted imp	lement	;			
_	(3)	Semi-mounted imp	lement	(4)	All of the abo	ve	· .			
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94.		To change the width of cut with a disc plough, the should be changed; usually is considered to be the optimum value.								
	<b>(1)</b>	disk angle, 40° to 45°	(2)	tilt angle, 15° to 25°						
	(3)	horizontal suction, 6 to 12	(4)	vertical suction, 6 to 12						
95.		point at which the resultant of lement is known as	all h	horizontal and vertical forces act or						
	<b>(1)</b>	Centre of pull	<b>(2)</b>	Centre of power						
	(3)	Centre of resistance	(4)	Centre of hitch						
96.	Dep	Depreciation is the reduction in the value of a machine caused by								
	<b>(1)</b>	-								
	(2)	Weathering and accidental damage	е							
	(3)	Obsolescence or any other similar	reason	ns						
	(4)	All of the above								
97.		is a precision drilling machine.								
	<b>(1)</b>	Seed drill	(2)	Planter						
	(3)	Transplanter	(4)	Tiphan						
98.	In a	In a sickle, the forged end of the blade for fixing the handle is called								
	(1)	Ferrule (2) Tang	(3)	Frame (4) Beam						
99.	The seed drill should be calibrated for before actually operating in the field.									
	(1)	(1) placement of seeds at correct row-to-row spacing								
	(2)	placement of seeds at correct seed-	to-see	ed spacing						
	(3)	correct seed rate								
	(4)	correct seed depth								
100.	loss is the grain lost out the rear of combine in the form of unthreshed									
	head	heads.								
	(1)	Cutter bar	<b>(2)</b>	Threshing						
	(3)	Separating	(4)	Cleaning						
				<del></del>						

# सूचना - (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या "परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82" यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वत:बरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

	नमुना	प्रश्न
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Pick out the cor	rect word to	n fill in	the blank
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Q. No. 201.	I congratulate you	your grand success.
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(1) for

(2) at

(3) on

(1)

(4) about

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर "(3) on" असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर "(3)" होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक "(3)" हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. क्र. 201.

(2)

(4)

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

