## 13 — EARTH SCIENCES

(Answer ALL questions)

	(Answer					
56.	From the Earth surface to interior, the					
	velocity of P-waves decreases and the					
	material density increases at the boundary					
	between					
	1. Mantle and outer core					
	2. Crust and mantle					
	3. Outer core and inner core					
	4. Continental crust and oceanic crust					
57.	The residual hills that stand out at the end of					
	a karst cycle of erosion are called as					
	1. Bernhardts					
	2. Inselburges					
	3. Hums					
	4. Monad rocks					
58.						
	characteristic of bolsons in arid and semi arid					
1	regions					
	1. Centripetal					
	2. Centrifugal					
	3. Annular					
	4. Redial					
59.	Ventifacts are formed by ——— action.					
	1. River					
	2. Wind					
	3. Glacial					
	4. Marine					
60.	Glacial forms					
	1. Point bar					
	2. Spit					

- 61. When did super continent Pangaea begin to break up?
  - 1. Proterozoic
  - 2. Paleozoic
  - 3. Cenozoic
  - 4. Mesozoic
- 62. Which mineral is having hardness '4' as per Moh's scale of hardness?
  - 1. Fluorite
  - 2. Feldspar
  - 3. Apatite
  - 4. Topaz
- 63. Bentonite is an
  - 1. Acicular mineral
  - 2. Absorbent clay
  - 3. Audit
  - 4. Aranaceous mineral
- 64. Which of the following is the correct answer for the term 'crystal parting'?
  - Minerals break along planes of structural weakness due to external stress
  - 2. Minerals break along planes of crystal face
  - 3. Minerals break along plane of axis
  - 4. Minerals break along basal cleavage
- 65. Molten lava when cooled forms into crystals are the characteristics of ————— rock type.
  - 1. Metamorphic
  - 2. Sedimentary
  - 3. Igneous
  - 4. Both metamorphic and sedimentary

Cirques

Loess

3.

4.

- 66. In which of the following environments you can find Herringbone structure?
  - 1. Fluvial
  - 2. Aeolian
  - 3. Lacustrine
  - 4. Tidal
- 67. A metamorphic rock consists of pyroxene, plagioclase and quartz, and exhibits hornfelsic texture. The rock has undergone metamorphism.
  - 1. Regional
  - 2. Contact
  - 3. Cataclastic
  - 4. Impact
- 68. Eparchean Unconformity separates the geological units of
  - 1. Early Archaean to late Archaean
  - 2. Archaean from Proterozoic
  - 3. Proterozoic to Paleozoic
  - 4. Paleozoic to Mesozoic
- 69. Lateral offset in drainage lines is commonly associated with
  - 1. Normal faults
  - 2. Reverse fault
  - 3. Thrust fault
  - 4. Strike-slip fault
- 70. In an structural basin, the youngest strata is found
  - 1. At the center of the basin
  - 2. On the margins of the basin
  - Half-way between the center and the margins of the basin
  - 4. Beneath the older strata

- 71. Contours when unite together form a
  - 1. Ridge
  - 2. Valley
  - 3. Cliff
  - 4. Overhanging cliff
- 72. The remains of organism are better preserved
  - 1. On the land
  - 2. In the marine sedimentary deposits
  - 3. In the tectonic areas
  - 4. In the magma chamber
- 73. Taphonomy is
  - 1. The study of nano fossils
  - The study of classification of plants and animals
  - The study of events between the death of an organism and its subsequent burial and fossillsation
  - 4. The study land features of past
- 74. Bharat Ratna' medal is made up of
  - 1. Gold
  - 2. Platinum
  - 3. Silver
  - 4. Diamond
- 75. Ores of copper, lead and zinc are formed by the process
  - 1. Magmatic segregation
  - 2. Magmatic differentiation
  - 3. Contact metamorphism
  - 4. Magmatic injection

- 76. Uranium is occurs in
  - 1. Acid Igneous rocks
  - 2. Basic igneous rocks
  - 3. Sedimentary rocks
  - 4. Metamorphic rocks
- 77. Propane is a
  - 1. Liquefied petroleum gas
  - 2. Liquefied petroleum oil.
  - 3. Kerogen
  - 4. Organic matter
- 78. Ore deposits formed by the effects of high temperature solution is
  - 1. Magmatic solution
  - 2. Metasomatism
  - 3. Hydrothermal solution
  - 4. Magmatic injection
- 79. Luster of Diamond is
  - 1. Vitreous
  - 2. Adamantine
  - 3. Splendent
  - 4. Glistening
- 80. In geochemistry the term Threshold value is
  - The lower limit of normal background fluctuation
  - 2. Blank solution values
  - The upper limit of normal background fluctuation
  - 4. Reference values

- 81. Which is the most stable mineral towards weathering?
  - 1. Quartz
  - 2. Feldspar
  - 3. Hornblende
  - 4. Olivine
- 82. The term isotope is used for the elements
  - Same chemical properties and same atomic weight
  - Differing in atomic weight and stability but not appreciably in chemical properties
  - 3. Same in atomic weight and stability but differing in chemical properties
  - 4. With the same atomic weight but different in neutrons and protons value
- 83. The scale of a vertical aerial photograph, taken from 10,000 ft using a 15.3 cm focal length camera is
  - 1. 1:25,000
  - 2. 1:20,000
  - 3. 1:1,50,000
  - 4. 1:15,300
- 84. Identify the correct sequence of electromagnetic waves in their increasing frequency
  - 1. Radio wave, microwave, infrared, visible, ultra violet, X-ray
  - 2. Radio wave, X-ray, infrared, microwave, ultra violet, visible
  - 3. X-ray, infrared, microwave, ultra violet, Radio wave, visible
  - 4. Microwave, radio wave, visible, X-ray, ultra violet, infrared

A step-like topographic expression in aerial Gardener's formula relates the seismic 89. 85. photographs indicates velocity (Vp) to Inter-bedded horizontal sediments 1. Porosity 10 Inclined sandstone and shale 2. Permeability 2. 3. Limestone 3. Density 4. Schist Lithology 4. The downward movement of wet soil along 90. A drainage basin with an area of  $2.0 \times 10^6 \,\mathrm{m}^2$ 86. the slopes under the influence of gravity is receives continuous rainfall for 48 hours at a Plastic outflows 1. uniform rate of 3 mmh-1. The volume of - 2. Debris flow  $-m^3$  of water. precipitation is -Rock slides 3. 1. 288000 Solifluction 4. 287000 2. 3. 286700 Flood hazards along a stream may be greatly 91. reduced by the use of 287500 4. Deforestation 1. The path finder element for exploration for 87. Channelization 2. gold deposits is 3. Flood plains Nickel 1. Retention ponds 4. 2. Antimony Compressibility described as be 92. can Arsenic 3. reciprocal of Silver 4. Bulk modulus 1. 2. Young Modulus island Basalt magmas 88. Ocean Rigidity modulus 3. characterized by Poisson Ratio 4. Depletion in LILE and LREE compare 1. to MORB Stand-up time is a term in Engineering 93. Enrichment in LREE and LILE 2. Geology associated with of contamination 3. Large scale 1. Dams continental crust Bridges 2. Enrichment of LREE and LILE

compare to continental crust

3.

4.

Tunnels

Landslides

94.	Which of the following effect do NOT result	t , 1	100.	Isohyets are the points joining the areas of equal
	in geometrical errors in satellite images?			1. Pressure
	1. Earth rotation			2. Temperature
	2. Earth curvature			3. Rainfall
	3. Sensor motion platform			4. Salinity
	4. Atmosphere absorption			
95.	Kanjamalai in Tamil Nadu is known for		101.	Jack test is meant to find out — of site rocks.
	occurrence of			1. In situ moisture conditions
	1. Lignite			2. Joint density
	2. Iron ores			3. Porosity
	3. Magnesite			4. Deformation characteristics of rocks
	4. Terri sands			
		1	102.	The Bhakra Dam is located on
96.	Dome is indicated in aerial photos as			1. Sandstone with siltstone formation
	1. Radial drainage			<ol> <li>Quartzite formation</li> <li>Siwalik clay stones</li> </ol>
	2. Dendritic drainage			4. Ironstone
	3. Braided drainage			4. Honoune
	4. Rectangular drainage	1	103.	Which of the following is released in large quantities from coal after it is burnt?
97.	The hydrological cycle describes the	•		1. Sulphur dioxide
	transport of			2. Nitrogen Dioxide
	1. Nitrogen			3. Hydrogen
	2. Carbon			4. Helium
	3. Water			
	4. Hydrogen	]	104.	Stream which flows in the opposite direction to the original consequent streams are
98.	The permissible limit of fluoride in	1		described as
	groundwater for human consumption is		F	1. Obsequent
	1. 15 ppm			2. Subsequent
	2. 150 ppm			3. Insequent
	3. 1.5 ppm			
	4. 5 ppm			4. Resequent
99.	The ratio of interstices total volume of rock is		105.	Which of the following has the least stiffness?
	1. Secondary porosity			1. Limestone
	2. Effective porosity			2. Sandstone
	3. Primary porosity			3. Quartz
	4. Enhanced porosity			4. Basalt
NG	NG 16 (GROUP B)			

106.	sensor on-board a satellite or aircraft can record is known as ——— resolution.		Rainwater is distinguished from groundwater by — method.  1. Tritium
			2. Berylium
	1. Spatial		
	2. Spectral		3. Rb-Sr
	3. Radiometric		4. Radiocarbon
	4. Colorimetric	112.	Period of SW Monsoon in TamilNadu is
107.	Schlumberger configuration method is associated with ——— survey.		1. October to December
			2. March to May
	1. Theodolite		
	2. Electrical resistivity		3. June to September
	3. Gravity		4. January and February
	4. Magnetic	113.	V-shaped gully sections observed in aerial photography is characteristic of
108.	Brazilian test is conducted on rocks to		
	determine		1. Silt
	1. Shear strength		2. Sand and gravel
	2. Modulus of elasticity		3. Silt and clay
	3. UCS		4. Clay
	4. Tensile strength	-	Was I
109.	Which of the following is NOT a polar orbiting satellite?		Which one of the following is Arch dam?
			1. NagarjunaSagar Dam
	1. IRS P4		2. Hirakund Dam
	2. CARTOSAT		3. Bhakra Dam
	3. INSAT 1D		4. Idduki Dam
	4. LANDSAT 5	115.	Fresh or salt water inter-trapped in
	The drainage pattern which shows a lack of		sediments during their deposition is referred
	structural control to the stream flow		as
	direction is described as		1. Juvenile water
	1. Parallel		2. Connate water
	2. Dendritic		3. Meteoric water
	3. Rectangular		4. Spring water
	4 Twollie		